Statement
Production

(Qty. in MT)

Name of the drug	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92
Erythromycin Stearate/ Estolate	41.50	40.87	81.23	57.60	91.85
Ibuprofen	88.53	597.37	799.29	777.73	731.37
Diloxanide Furoate	5.95	14.95	3.73	N.A.	N.A.
Ranitidine	N.A.	33.16	60.61	127.15	98.22
Vitamin A	76.10	74.23	94.31	82.49	71.19
Frusemide	6.89	10.31	3.38	7.80	7.59
Tolbutamide	36.86	132.88	36.76	44.05	34.67
Sulphadizine	475.36	465.72	340.01	122.86	110.18

Installed Capacity of Fertilizer Production in Public, Private and Cooperative Sector

400. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the details of fertilizer imports, both in quantity and value, during the last three years;

(b) what are the projections for 1993-94 to 1996-97;

(c) the installed capacity of fertilizer production in Public, Private and Co-operative Sector plants;

(d) the utilisation of capacity in these plants;

(e) whether Government propose to initiate a time-bound programme to reduce dependence on imports; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) The quantity and value (cost & freight) of fertilizers imported during the last three years are as under:

(Quantity in lakh tonnes)
(C&F value in Rs. crores)

	1989-90		1990-91		1991-92	
	Qty.	C&F Value	Qty.	C&F Value	Qty.	C&F Value
Urea	—	—	—	—	3.91	180.55
MOP	20.82	459.68	21.20	487.48	20.40	661.27
SOP	0.25	9.19	0.59	22.03	—	—
DAP	28.15	1039.45	21.55	765.02	20.77	1050.48
NPK	1.09	30.45	1.56	61.29	0.73	41.89
NP	—	—	—	—	—	—
	50.31	1538.77	44.90	1335.82	45.81	1934.19

(b) It would not be in public interest to disclose these figures.

(c) and (d) The information is given in Statement.

(e) and (f) Fertilizers are imported to bridge the gap between the demand and their indigenous availablity. India does not have adequate raw material for producting phosphatic fertiliser and is largely dependent upon imports either in the form of raw materials (rock phosphate and sulphur) or intermedi

(phosphoric acid and ammonia) or as finished fertilizer i.e. DAP. The indigenous rock phosphate meets only about 5% of the total requirement of the phosphatic fertillser industry.

The entire requirement of potash is imported as there is no known commercially exploitable source of potash in the country. In regard to nitrogen, India is self-sufficient to a large extent. It is only in case of this nutrient that there is a scope for reducing dependence on imports. The new nitrogenous fertiliser units and expansion proposals during the Eighth Five Year Plan are steps in this direction.

Statement

Statement Showing Sector-wise Installed Capacity & Percentage Capacity Utilization

Fertilizer Nutrients	1989-90		1990-91		1991-92	
	Inst. Cap. ('000' MT)	Cap. Uti. (% age)	Inst. Cap. ('000' MT)	Cap. Uti. (% age)	Inst. Cap. ('000' MT)	Cap. Uti. (% age)
Nitrogen						
Public Sector	4332	66.7%	4332	66.3%	4376	69.0%
Co-op. Sector	1532	107.7%	1532	112.4%	1532	112.8%
Private Sector	2284	96.8%	2284	105.0%	2342	108.8%
Total:	8148	82.8%	8184	85.8%	8250	88.5%
Phosphate						
Public Sector	819	53.7%	819	62.4%	792	92.4%
Co-op. Sector	309	72.4%	309	75.4%	309	113.2%
Private Sector	1622	69.8%	1622	80.6%	1650	89.5%
Total:	2750	65.3%	2750	74.6%	2751	93.0%

Chemicals and Fertilizer Units in Gujarat

401. SHRI GOPALSINH G. SOLANKI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of agencies working in Gujarat; District-wise, for selling chemicals and fertilisers till 31st January, 1993;

(b) the number of agencies working under the cooperative societies; and

(c) the details of the programmes launched by Government for making the distribution of chemicals and fertilizers more effective with a view to facilitate the firms?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) and (b) Government neither appoints nor maintains information regarding agents appointed by manufacturing units for selling chemcials and fertilisers.

(c) In the case of controlled fertilizers, the Government provides subsidy on transportation from the factory in case of indigenous fertilisers and from ports in case of imported fertilisers to the block levels. The Government have suggested to State Governments to dispense with the condition relating to issue of certificate of registration in respect of retail dealers whose stock of fertilisers does not exceed 10 tonnes at any given time. Further, Government have advised the State Governments to exempt the